



ELIAS MOTSOLEDI
LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

EXPENDITURE MANAGEMENT POLICY

Original Council Approval		Amended
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1. **PREAMBLE**

- ❖ The Municipality must at all times manage its cash and other assets in compliance with the provisions of any further prescriptions made by the Minister of Finance in terms of the Municipal Finance Management Act No. 56 of 2003 especially the requirement of safeguarding the assets of the Municipality.

2. EXPENDITURE MANAGEMENT

2.1 OBJECTIVES

- ❖ To promote accountability, transparency and compliance with Municipal Finance Management Act 56 of 2006 on payments made by the municipality.

2.2 POLICY PRINCIPLES

2.2.1 PAYMENTS TO CREDITORS

- a) The Chief Financial Officer must ensure that all contracts awarded by the Municipality stipulate payment terms that are favorable to the Municipality. The municipality will strive to ensure that all payments to creditors are made within 30 days of receiving the invoice.
- b) The Accounting Officer has the powers to delay payments beyond 30 days on negotiations with the creditors should the municipality be unable to pay due to any challenges that may be faced by the municipality.
- c) All payments vouchers must be sequentially filled and stored in a secured room. The Manager Expenditure must be in possession of the keys to the room or any other responsible official delegated by him/her.
- d) No payments shall be effected prior the approval of the payment vouchers as per the Delegation of Powers
- e) No payments shall be effected prior to the payment vouchers being captured on the Financial System

2.2.2 MONTHLY RECONCILIATIONS

- ❖ The following monthly reconciliations must be prepared on monthly basis and signed by the preparer and the Chief Financial Officer.

2.2.2.1 Creditors Reconciliations

- ❖ Monthly creditors reconciliations with the relevant supporting documentations must be prepared on a monthly basis and signed by the Chief Financial Officer as evidence of review.

2.2.2.2 Vat Reconciliations

- ❖ Monthly vat reconciliations with the supporting documentations indicating the vat due or refundable to the South African Revenue Services (SARS) must be prepared and provided to the Chief Financial Officer for review and signature.
- ❖ All the invoices supporting the vat input and output on the vat reconciliations must be kept and readily available for submission to SARS and/or auditors on request.

2.2.2.3 Salaries Reconciliations

- ❖ Reconciliations of the monthly salaries related transactions between the General Ledger and the VIP system must be prepared on monthly basis and provided to the Chief Financial Officer for review.

2.2.2.4 Retention

- ❖ Expenditure section must maintain a retention reconciliation and record retention on each payment made to the projects that attract retention. Monthly reconciliation of the retention register and the General Ledger must be prepared and signed off by the CFO as evidence of review.
- ❖ The retention policy must form part of the supporting documentations to be filled with the vouchers that attracted retention in the separate file for retentions in the specific financial year.

2.2.3 RECONCILIATIONS BETWEEN CASHBOOK AND BANK STATEMENTS

2.2.3.1 Daily bank reconciliation

- ❖ Expenditure section must on daily basis reconcile all payments made and through the cashbook with the bank and clear all the discrepancies identified by passing the relevant journal entries were required.

2.2.3.2 Procedure for writing-off of long outstanding reconciling items

- ❖ Unreconciled expenditure related transactions on the cashbook and the bank statements older than two (2) months must be thoroughly investigated and report of such investigation must be reviewed and signed off by the Chief Financial Officer as evidence of review.
The Chief Financial Officer must recommend to the Accounting Officer for write off of the reconciling items investigated with the proposed accounting entries for such write off.
- ❖ On approval of the write off by the Accounting Officer the relevant accounting entries must be processed by the Chief Financial Officer on the General Ledger and clear the transactions from the bank reconciliation.
- ❖ The detailed supporting documentations of the write off should be safeguarded for future reference.

2.2.4 FRUITLESS AND WASTEFUL EXPENDITURES

- ❖ Notwithstanding any provisions in this policy section 32 of the Municipal Finance Management Act must take precedence in dealing with the wasteful and fruitless expenditures incurred by the municipality during any financial year.
- ❖ Fruitless and wasteful expenditures incurred by the municipality at any time during the financial year must be reported to the council, Auditor General and

the Provincial Treasury prior to the end of that financial year in terms of the MFMA Act 56 of 2003 requirements.

- ❖ The register of all fruitless and wasteful expenditures must be kept and updated from time to time with the expenditures of such nature.

3. PETTY CASH MANAGEMENT

3.1 OBJECTIVES

- ❖ To provide for keeping of limited cash resources in the form of Petty Cash in order to fulfil incidental and spontaneous transactions that is undertaken by the municipality in the normal course of the operations.

3.2 POLICY PRINCIPLES

- ❖ The petty cash of the municipality must be kept at the minimum level required to finance the day to day operation of the municipality.
- ❖ A maximum threshold of R20 000,00 per month.
- ❖ Disbursements from the petty cash must not exceed R1000, or any other amount that the council may determine from time to time.

3.3 REPLENISHMENT OF PETTY CASH

- ❖ Petty cash replenishment must be considered once a month, unless directed otherwise by the Municipal Manager or his / her delegate anytime sooner before the end of the month.
- ❖ A comprehensive Petty Cash Reconciliation must be prepared and appropriately balanced before it is presented to the Chief Financial Officer for approval and in order to authorise replenishment of Petty Cash.
- ❖ A cash cheque equivalent to the amount authorized by the Municipal Manager or his Delegate to replenish petty cash must be drawn and cashed by the Petty Cash Custodian in order to have cash on equivalent to R20 000 in the municipality

3.3 USING THE PETTY CASH (EXPENDITURE)

- ❖ All expenditures that are to be reimbursed with petty cash funds are to be preapproved by the departmental head and Budget Office to verify the budget availability.
- ❖ In a case where there is unforeseen expenditure the departmental head have to write and sign the memorandum detailing the details of such unforeseen expenditure and any other case the quotation is required.

- ❖ A receipt to verify the purchase and payment must support expenditures from the fund. It is responsibility of the fund custodian to determine if the transaction meets the requirements as set forth in this policy.
- ❖ At the time the Expenditure is made, invoices/ receipts/ vouchers (in the name of the Municipality) or other document, such as a cash register receipt containing the following, must be obtained:
 - ❖ Date
 - ❖ Name of vendor
 - ❖ Positive evidence that a payment was made (i.e., a cash register receipt or handwritten receipt on which the word "Paid" appears)
 - ❖ The amount paid
 - ❖ A description of the goods purchased
 - ❖ A signature indicating receipt of goods
 - ❖ The departmental head signature documenting approval of expenditure.
 - ❖ An explanation of the purchase justifying the relevance of each purchased item
 - ❖ The purchase must be supported with cash register receipt. A hand written receipt will be acceptable in circumstances when a cash register receipt is not available. The vendor must sign the receipt, and the vendor's telephone number must be provided on the receipt. In all cases, adequate documentation justifying the purchase is required.
- ❖ All petty cash vouchers/ receipts must be attached on a requisition form and must be added and the forms must be signed as verification.
- ❖ The quotations may not be split as to circumvent the R1000 disbursement as per the policy. In the event where the quotation exceeds the R1000 threshold the normal procurement process must be followed.

3.4 APPROVED LIST OF PURCHASES FOR PETTY CASH PURCHASES

The list is not limited to:

- a) Tollgate and parking (for Mayors driver and municipal official drivers)
- b) Catering
- c) Repairs and maintenance

3.5 PROHIBITED LIST OF PURCHASES

The list is not limited to:

- a) Approved store items which are kept at the municipal store

- b) Subsistence and travel claims (i.e. kilometers claim, accommodation)
- c) Stationery
- d) Ordinary material and tools for repairs except for the petty cash bins kept by the supply chain management
- e) Wages for contractors, labour or contract work less than R1000

3.6 PREPARATION FOR PAYMENTS: VOUCHER (INTERNAL)

- ❖ Once payment has been approved, the expenditure department must complete and sign a voucher and keep the documentation until the reconciliation is done and the transactions is recorded in the accounting records.

3.7 INTERNAL CONTROLS OVER PETTY CASH

- ❖ The Chief Financial Officer (CFO) must be responsible for the maintenance of petty cash for the municipality. The Chief Financial Officer may delegate the duties of maintenance of petty cash to the Senior Accountant/Accountant in expenditure or any other authorized municipal official who should be independent of other functions in the Municipality.
- ❖ Petty Cash must be kept in a lockable box. The keys of the lock box must be strictly controlled by the delegated official. The petty cash box should be locked in a safe after office hours.
- ❖ A “surprise” petty cash count must be conducted at least once a quarter by an official designated by the Chief Financial Officer. A “formal” petty cash count must be conducted at year end and the account must be balanced and reconciled to the General Ledger Account accordingly.
- ❖ Petty Cash will only be issued upon receipt by the **Senior Accountant/Accountant in expenditure section** designated for petty cash of properly authorized petty cash voucher with supporting documents.
- ❖ Petty Cash reconciliation to the general Ledger should be performed on monthly basis and reviewed by the Chief Financial Officer, who should sign the reconciliation as proof of having reviewed it.

3.8 SHORTAGES AND LOSSES

- 1.1 The holder of the petty cash bins will be held accountable for losses and shortages unless there is physical evidence of breaking-in and no act or

omission on the part of the relevant official contributed to the loss.

- 1.2 In the event of identified shortages and/or losses it must immediately be reported to both the Deputy CFO and the CFO and be paid by the holder of the petty cash bin(s).

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3.9 SALARIES ADMINISTRATION FOR EMPLOYEES AND COUNCILORS

- ❖ Salary section receive inputs documentation on a monthly basis, over time submission and travel claims submission on the 7 working days prior to the salary payment of each month

Source documents used

- ❖ To add new employees on the VIP system (ST2 forms from HR)
- ❖ To terminate employees (EXIT forms from HR)
- ❖ Unpaid leave (Leave forms from HR)
- ❖ Overtime payments (overtime files from records and application for payment of overtime forms)
- ❖ Standby allowance (Standby forms from records)
- ❖ Garnishee deductions (Garnishee files from legal advisor)
- ❖ Acting allowance (Acting allowances letters – municipal manager)
- ❖ S & T Payments (Google map printout, invitation and sign report from the departmental head)
- ❖ Rates and Electricity bill for employees renting out municipal property, the deductions prepared by Senior Payroll costing
- ❖ Medical aid billings from medical funds
- ❖ Home loans billings from housing schemes
- ❖ Banking details changes forms from HR
- ❖ Travel logbooks from section 57 managers and councillors
- ❖ All this information must reach salary section within 5 days previous before salary date of the month.
- ❖ After capturing the information on VIP system, then the VIP system is closed to stop further entries on the system.
- ❖ Variance Report is printed to check variances.
- ❖ Company Recon is printed and checked after salary payment
- ❖ The variance report and company recon are signed to certify the correctness of payroll by Senior Payroll Officer, Manager Expenditure and Directors
- ❖ Then the salary information is exported to Banking system for payment to employees
- ❖ Payslips are distributed to employees a day before salary payment

- ❖ Salary is paid on the 25th of the Month or the last working day before where the 25th falls on a weekend/public holiday or Monday.
- ❖ Bonus (13th cheque) will be paid on the 15th of December.

PROJECT WORKERS

- ❖ The departments' heads submits the signed memorandum with names and banking details of the contract workers and the amount to be paid to each project worker.
- ❖ Salaries section calculate the amount to be paid to each project worker (multiply the number of days by the rate per day)
- ❖ Payments made through EFT on the last day of the month

WARD COMMITTEES

- ❖ The memorandum signed by the Executive support and the municipal manager is submitted to the senior payroll officer for processing and payroll prepare requisitions with list of ward committees
- ❖ The requisition for payment is then processed on the VIP system
- ❖ Ward Committees payments is done on the 25th of every month together with salaries.

THIRD PARTY PAYMENTS

- ❖ Third party payments are done before the 7th of the following month.

3.10 IMPLEMENTATION AND REVIEW OF POLICY

- ❖ This policy shall be implemented from the date of approval by Council and shall be reviewed on annual basis to ensure that it is in line with the municipality's strategic objectives and with legislation.